NOVEMBER, 1783. THE NUMB. 2786.

PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1783.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS assembled.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it hath pleased the Supreme Ruler of all human events to dispose the hearts of the late belligerent powers to put a period to the effusion of human blood, by proclaiming a cessation of all hostilities by sea and land; and these United States are not only happily rescued from the dangers and calamities to which they have been so long exposed, but their freedom, sovereignty and independence ultimately acknowledged: AND WHEREAS, in the progress of a contest, on which the most essential rights of human nature depended, the interposition of Divine Providence in our favour hath been most abundantly and most graciously manifested, and the citizens of these United States have every reason for praise and gratitude to the God of their salvation. Impressed, therefore, with an exalted sense of the blessings by which we are surrounded, and of our entire dependence on that Almighty Being, from whose goodness and bounty they are derived: The United States in Congress assembled do recommend it to the several States to set apart the second THURSDAY in December next as a day of public Thanksgiving; that all the people may then assemble to celebrate, with grateful hearts and united voices, the praises of their Supreme and all bountiful Benefactor, for his numberless favors and mercies; that he hath been pleased to conduct us in safety through all the perils and vicissitudes of the war; that he hath given us unanimity and resolution to adhere to our just rights; that he hath raised up a powerful Ally to assist us in supporting them, and hath so far crowned our united efforts with success, that in the course of the present year hostilities have ceased, and we are left in the undisputed possession of our liberties and independence, and of the fruits of our own lands, and in the free participation of the treasures of the sea: that he hath prospered the labour of our husbandmen with plentiful harvests; and above all, that he hath been pleased to continue to us the light of the blessed gospel, and secured to us, in the fullest extent, the rights of conscience, in faith and worship. And while our hearts overflow with gratitude, and our lips set forth the praises of our great Creator, that we also offer up fervent supplications, that it may please him to pardon all our offences, to give wisdom and unanimity to our public councils, to cement all our citizens in the bonds of affection, and to inspire them with an earnest regard for the national honor and interest, to enable them to improve the days of prosperity by every good work, and to be lovers of peace and tranquilty: that he may be pleased to bless us in our husbandry, our commerce and navigation, to smile upon our seminaries and means of education, to cause pure religion and virtue to flourish, to give peace to all nations, and to fill the world with his glory.

DONE by the United States in Congress assembled. Witness his excellency ELIAS BOUDINOT, our president, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and of the sovereignty and independence of the United States of America the eighth.

ELIAS BOUDINOT, President.

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

To be SOLD at private SALE,

The following described Tracts of LAND, situate in Uwchland township, Chester county, about 30 miles from this city:

No. 1. CONTAINING about 220 acres, 20 of which are meadow; on this place are erected a large stone dwelling-house, kitchen and pump-house adjoining, an excellent stone barn with stables underneath, all in good order, a stone smith's shop and coal-house: Near the house is an excellent apple orchard, and a variety of pear and peach trees: The house is pleasantly situated in a good neighbourhood, and one of the best stands for a store in the county; on one end of this place is a small stone house with a squared log kitchen, log barn, spring-house, &c. suitable for a tenant, or will make it convenient to divide the place.

No. 2. Adjoining the above, known by the name of the Red-Lion Tavern, having been many years occupied as such; contains about 200 acres, a large proportion of which is good timber land, about 20 acres of meadow, most of which may be watered and made very good; on this place are two good orchards, the buildings are the tavern house and the buildings adjacent for carrying on that business: Near the above is a large stone house built so as to accommodate two families, and a large frame barn. The healthy, pleasant and public situation of both the above plantations will always render them good stands for business, being at the junction of six public roads leading to different parts of the country. The annual election for the north-west district of Chester county has been held at the above tavern since the revolution.

No. 3. Adjoining the last described tract, contains about 150 acres, whereon is a squared log dwelling-house, barn and other out houses, a good apple orchard, and about 15 acres of meadow; on this place is a considerable quantity of excellent timber land, within less than a mile of limestone, which renders it very valuable; several fields on the above farms have been limed to very good effect. They will be sold all together or seperate as may best suit the purchaser, possession may be had early next spring. For terms apply to Doctor WHELEN, near the land, who will shew it to any person inclining to purchase, or to ISRAEL WHELEN or ISAAC WHELEN, Market-street, Philadelphia. †

October 28, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

Pursuant to an order of Orphans Court, on the 5th day of December next, on the premises,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, pleasantly situated near John Thomson's mill, in Northampton township, Bucks county, containing 209 acres old measure, about 130 acres cleared, and the rest good woodland, with 7 acres of good watered meadow and more can be made, a bearing orchard of 150 trees, chiefly grafted fruit, the soil good for wheat and other grain; there is on the said premises a good stone house, with two rooms on a floor, a good stone kitchen, a large frame barn, and other out buildings. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale, by JOHN HUSTON, Administrat. ¶

MORRIS & MIERCKEN,

HAVE FOR SALE,

At their SUGAR-HOUSE, in Southwark, and at their STORE, in Second-street, a few Doors below Chesnut-street,

Loaf, Lump and *Muscovado* Sugars, Sugar-Candy and Molasses.

To be SOLD, at the *Coffee-House*,

By public AUCTION, on the 7th day of the week, and 8th of next month, at four o'clock in the afternoon,

THE well known HOUSE, called The SHIP AGROUND, at the corners of Chesnut, Front and Water-streets, about 20 feet front on front and Water-streets, and 45 on the north of Chesnut-street; may be entered on the first of January next, being part of the real estate of Walter Goodman, late of the city of Philadelphia, deceased.

The CONDITIONS of SALE.

The highest bidder to be the purchaser. One quarter the purchase money to be paid in ten days after the sale, and the remainder in three months after, and a good and sufficient deed of conveyance shall be executed, and delivered to the purchaser, on payment and security given as above, by

SARAH GOODMAN, Executrix.
ABEL JAMES, and
WILLIAM PARR, Executors.

Philad. Oct. 29.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the Coffee-House, on the 4th day of the week, the 26th of the present month, at 12 o'clock,

The RIGHT which JAMES YOUNG, Esq; deceased, had to

The following LANDS,

ONE Tract, called Turkey Bottom, situate at the Forks of the Ray's-Town and Shawanee Cabin branches of Juniata, containing 230 acres, and allowance of 6 per cent. for roads, &c. This survey is returned in the Office, but the land is not patented.

One other Tract of 300 acres, situate in Turkey Valley, on the west branch of a Run, sinking into the Limestone Ridge, on the north side of the Juniata, and bounded east by William M'Cune, in Cumberland county.

One other Tract of 300 acres, situate also in Turkey Valley, on the north side of the Juniata, bounded east by the last described tract, south by the Limestone Ridge, north by the Mountain in Cumberland county. No return of survey for the two last.

ISAAC HOWELL,
SAMUEL WETHERILL, Executors.

Philad. Nov. 5.

TO be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the Coffee-House, on SATURDAY, the 22d of this instant November, at Twelve o'Clock,

Two LOTS of GROUND,

Situate on the east side of Passyunk road, near the corner of South-street, adjoining lands of Dr. Shippen; each lot containing in front, on Passyunk road, 20 feet, and in depth 75 feet. §

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern, That we, the subscribers, being owners of land on Pettie's-Island (as said island is now part of the State of New-Jersey) intend to petition to the Legislature of said State, at their next sitting, to pass a law to enable the owners of the said Pettie's-Island to erect and make a sufficient bank, and other water works, to prevent the tide from overflowing the same.

SAMUEL COOPER, BENJAMIN LOXLEY,
MARMADUKE COOPER, JOSEPH BOLTON,
WILLIAM COOPER, ANDREW HODGE,
GRIFFITH MORGAN, WILLIAM MOORE,
BENJAMIN WILKINS,

October 18, 1783. ¶

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of John Ayres, an insolvent Debtor, to appear at the house of Aziel Pierson, Inn-keeper, in Bridge-town, Cumberland county, New Jersey, on Wednesday, the Twenty-sixth day of November, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to shew cause, if any they have, why an assignment of the said Debtor's estate should not be made, and he discharged from imprisonment, pursuant to the Act of Insolvency. ¶ *Oct.* 22, 1783. JOHN AYRES.

NEW-YORK STAGE,

By way of Burlington,

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Burlington Stage-Boat, belonging to the subscribers, still continues at the Crooked Billet Wharff, Philadelphia, and sets off every Sunday and Wednesday, and proceeds to Burlington, where the Stage Waggons will set off every Monday and Thursday morning for Amboy, and a good Stage Boat is provided by Mr. John Rattoon, for the conveyance of passengers and goods for New-York; the Waggons to return the day following to Burlington, and the Stage Boat to set off immediately on the return of the Waggons. Any Goods delivered on board we will engage for the safe delivery thereof.

Those Gentlemen and Ladies who will please to favour us with their custom, may depend on the utmost care to give general satisfaction, by their humble servants,

JOSEPH TAYLOR, Master,
WILLIAM SMITH,
ANDREW CRAIG.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Gwynedth township, Philadelphia county, a servant Man, named WILLIAM GORDON, about 19 years of age, a chunky and pretty bold looking fellow, of a sandy complexion; had on, when he went away, an old wool hat, light coloured linsey upper jacket, blue and white striped linsey under ditto, tow linen trowsers, and a pair of shoes. Whoever takes up said servant, and brings him home, shall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ¶ JACOB WISMER.

CAME to the plantation of HANS BOON, living in Darby township, Chester county, on the 8th of this instant October, a sorrel HORSE, branded with the letter T on the near shoulder, and the letter F on the near buttock, has a blaze in his face, and a short bob tail. The owner proving his property, and paying charges, may take him away. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Willis-Town, Chester county, about the beginning of September last, a stray BULL. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

October 22, 1783. ¶ CALEB YARNALL.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION in Providence township, Philadelphia county, 25 miles from the city, on the Schuylkill road, leading to Pottsgrove, Reading, &c. and about a quarter of a mile from the river, same distance from a Friends Meeting-house, three miles from a Presbyterian Meeting-house, and one mile distant from several mills, containing 200 acres, about 15 acres whereof is good meadow, and part watered, from 55 to 60 acres woodland, the rest arable and level, the fields are finely situated to the sun, and produces good crops of hay and grain; the improvements are a large stone two story dwelling-house, well built and finished, three rooms below stairs, and four rooms above stairs, with a large garret, and a kitchen adjoining, with a large shop fronting the road, a large elegant new stone double barn, with a good new shingled roof, plaistered in the inside, with good dry mows, and stabling on each side and granaries, also a sheep-house and spring-house, a good pump and well of water before the door, a new waggon-house, a good garden, two large bearing orchards of about 650 apple trees, all young and some grafted, besides peach, pear, cherry and all other kinds of fruit; the situation remarkably healthy and pleasant, a good neighbourhood, and a fine stand for any public business. An indisputable title will be given, and possession of the premises the first of April next. For further pariculars enquire of JAMES WOOD on the premises. †

York County, October 4, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, lying in Mount Pleasant township, York county, containing near 300 acres, on which is a good dwelling-house, 20 by 24 feet, with a stone shed, and square log kitchen, and good stone chimnies in them all, a good spring and spring-house within a few rods of the house, an excellent garden close by the door, smoke-house, barn, stables and other out-houses, with two orchards of excellent fruit, containing 300 apple trees, with peach, cherry and most of fruit trees; there is on said place near 150 acres of woodland, well timbered and watered, it lying for upwards of 100 rods on Little Conawaga Creek; on said land is an excellent mill seat, and water plenty for any kind of water works, and in the heart of an excellent country for wheat and all other sorts of grain; there is upwards of 12 acres of meadow made, and more can be made at a small expence. The terms of sale are, one third in hand, and the remaining two thirds in three equal payments. Any person inclining to purchase the said land, may view the premises, and know the price, by applying to the subscriber, living in Mitt's-Town, York county. GEORGE FARIES. ¶

For *Belfast & Glasgow*,

The Ship *Friendship*,

JOHN M'CADAM, Master.

She is a good new ship, and likely to sail fast, and has good accommodations for passengers, having great part of her cargoe engaged; will sail with all expedition. For freight or passage, apply to said Master on board, at Mr. Bright's Wharff, or to JAMES STUART and JAMES BAR, in Front-street, near the Draw-bridge, who have an assortment of GOODS, which they will sell cheap for cash, or short credit, viz. checks, tobinets, fustians, brocaded silks, gold and silver tissue, a variety of silk gauzes, printed handkerchiefs, Spanish and Baladine sewing silks, Scotch white and coloured thread, French white thread assorted, by the trunk; souchong tea by the chest, &c. &c.

N. B. All persons indebted to James Stuart, previous to the war, by bill, bond or book account, are requested to make payment in two months from this date, otherwise they may expect to be prosecuted as the law directs. t b c t f. *Nov.* 2, 1783.

William and *John Sitgreaves*,

Have lately imported from Great-Britain, France and Holland,

A large assortment of DRY GOODS,

Suitable to the season, which they are now selling WHOLESALE, on the most reasonable terms, at their STORE in Market-street, between Front and Second-streets. t b c 6 w

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Choice PICKLES,

SUCH as Walnuts, Mangoes, Pockmillions, Cucumbers, Beans, also Ketchup and Walnut Liquor, Wine Bitters, Lavender Compound, and good Pickling Vinegar, to be had of MARGARET TROTTER, Mid-way in Elfrith's-Alley. §

To be SOLD by the Subscriber,

Living in Cæcil county, in the State of Maryland,

AN undividable fourth SHARE, in a lease for six years to come from the 25th day of March next, in those very valuable meadows, known by the name of Reedy Point, lying on Delaware river, in New-Castle county. The purchaser may be accommodated with a fourth of the stock on the place. For terms, apply to ¶ HENRY WARD PEARCE, jun.

MILLER & ABERCROMBIE,

At their STORE in Water-street, four doors above Chesnut-street, Have for SALE,

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING of Linen Drapery, Woolen Drapery, Cutlery, Haberdashery, &c. &c. A large and elegant assortment of superfine and second Cloths, Shalloons, Flannels, &c. by the BALE.

SHIP CHANDLERY in Packages assorted, Russia Duck, German Oznabrigs, Tallow in Casks, Roll Brimstone, Nails assorted, Tin Plates, &c. &c.

Which they will Sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash, Bills of Exchange, Tobacco, or Mr. Morris's Notes. †

Vincent township, October 15, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, That all persons who are indebted to the estate of WILLIAM EVANS, Esquire, late of Vincent township, Chester county, deceased, either by bonds, bills, notes or book-debts, are desired to make payment to the subscribers before the first day of December next; and all those that have any demands against the said estate, to bring in their accounts, properly attested, by said time, in order that settlement may be made of said estate, by

ROBERT RALSTON,
OWEN THOMAS,
WILLIAM ROGERS, Executors.

§

LONDON.

August 21. Letters from Petersburgh say, that the design of pursuing hostilities against the Turks is for the present set aside, and that the attention of government is occupied in pursuing measures for securing the Russian towns from the plague, which continues to make dreadful havock in the Turkish armies. These letters add, that when the pestilence subsides, the war will be pursued with the utmost vigour, unless the Grand Signor shall comply with the terms of conciliation already proposed.

Literal extract of a private letter from Paris, dated August 11.

"The intelligence from Brest has brought the trial and sentence of the Compte de Grasse, who was tried by a Court Martial held on board L'Invincible of 100 guns, at that port, which sat from the 6th of July to the 5th instant, for the affair of the 12th of April, 1782. The charge against that unfortunate officer ran in different channels, the principal of which was, the surrendering the Ville de Paris, of 110 guns, to the British fleet, and for other instances of disgraceful negligence on that day, by which seven of the finest ships in the French service were either taken or destroyed, and the rest of the squadron so scattered, that the expedition which was intended, was totally put an end to, at a stroke. The Spaniards have had no small hand in persecuting this Admiral, who is sentenced to be divested of the Order of St. Louis (of which he has for years been Grand Master) to be rendered incapable of serving in the navies of France in future; to be imprisoned twenty-one years in some of the royal castles appointed for the confinement of state criminals; to have his sentence read to him by one of the King's Judges once a year; and to be exposed at the end of every seven years to the people.

The first part of the sentence has been performed by (le Boureau) the common hangman at Brest, who was sent on board for this purpose, immediately after the King had confirmed the sentence. The Compte bears his hard fate with extraordinary submission; he continues a prisoner on board L'Invincible till the royal order is sent for his removal, which is expected will be to the castle of Chalons St. Laurent, in the province of Picardy; various are the opinions of the Compte's fate; as the only thing he appears to have been guilty of is, in having been out manœuvered by your English Rodney, whose step at any other period than that in which it happened, would have been looked on as a fit of desperation. The evidence of his own officers went so far towards his conviction, as to assert the Ville de Paris was not in such a condition as to necessitate her striking, the ship was in good order, though she had lost many men. We regret his fate; but it is necessary to make examples. The trials of two Captains sent home by Monsr. Suffrein, come on next month, the principal evidences being sent home with them."

August 22. The dispatches which were sent to Falmouth on Thursday last, to be forwarded to Sir Guy Carleton, contain some additional instructions, which were wanting before he could withdraw the troops from New-York.

The Turks have been pressing for the assistance of the French Court, ever since the Empress's army has taken the field, a spirit of dejection having lately pervaded the Councils, which prevents their making the customary exertions to support the dignity and maintain the welfare of their country.

The emigration from Ireland, particularly from the northern parts, still continue to be very numerous; weavers and mechanics of all descriptions are daily flocking to the New States.

On Saturday morning early about 90 convicts under sentence of transportation in Newgate, were put on board a lighter at Black-Friars, which proceeded with and put them on board the Swift, Capt. Pump, lying at Blackwall, for their reception, and bound to Nova-Scotia (the land of frost and freedom.)

BOSTON, *October 23.*

Captain Parsons, from Newfoundland, informs, that the day before he sailed from thence, a vessel arrived there in 40 days from Ireland, the master of which reported, that in consequence of orders received there from England for disarming the inhabitants, the Volunteers of Ireland, to the amount of upwards of an hundred thousand, had assembled, and were determined to repel any force that should attempt to use any coercive measures; the consequences expected were dreadful. And that they were in great confusion in England.

Saturday and Sunday last, we experienced here the most severe N. E. storm for the season, that has been known for several years. A new ship from Portsmouth, bound to this port, and a schooner from Halifax, are ashore at the Cape. Many other misfortunes of the kind have undoubtedly taken place. Considerable damage was done to the shipping and wharves in this port.

Large numbers of counterfeit dollars having been lately discovered in this and the neighbouring towns, of the emission of 1778, the public are hereby furnished with the following marks to distinguish the true from the false, viz.

The letters and figures upon the side on which the head is, are raised too high, and are very coarsely made. The rim above the word Carolus, is too narrow, and the letter C of the same too large, and the letters A and R too small, the dot after Carolus stands too near the III, and the seams made to represent the hair are very deep, the nostril is larger and the mouth smaller in the counterfeit than in the true, in the words Hispan. and Ind. the letter I is too small, the Plus Ultra are not very legible, and the ringing, when dropt upon a stone, is much shriller and clearer than that of a true one, they are bright, and have the appearance of good, but by rubbing them they are found to be but slightly washed.

Since our last several houses and stores have been attempted, and some broke open and robbed of sundries, but as the clan are now discovered, and five of them taken up and committed to goal, 'tis hoped they will meet their deserts.

NEW-HAVEN, *October 16.*

Wednesday night last we had a severe N. E. storm, and the fullest tide that has been known for these forty years; which has done considerable damage along shore, by carrying off fences, lumber, &c. In the storm, a Virginia built boat, with a wooden grapple, was drove ashore at Greenwich, and went to pieces. She was seen the preceding evening to run on a rock and overset, and three of her men to be on her side; but no relief could be afforded them, and it is supposed they all perished, as one dead body came on shore with the wreck, which had a claret coloured coat on, with white metal buttons, a red jacket, and a pair of woollen overalls.

Oct. 22. Saturday evening last came on a violent storm of wind and rain, which continued for twenty-four hours; but happily the tide not being very high, there was little damage done in our harbour. In Goshen, and several of the adjacent towns, there was a considerable fall of snow.

NEW-YORK, *October 31.*

A letter from Shelburne (Nova-Scotia) dated September 25, informs, that the several articles used in building are very much raised in price, and hardly to be got for money; boards sell for twenty-six dollars per thousand feet, and bricks ten dollars per thousand.

PHILADELPHIA, *November 5.*

Thursday last the GENERAL ASSEMBLY met at the State-House, when the Hon. GEORGE GRAY, Esq; was chosen Speaker; and on Friday PETER Z. LLOYD, Esq; was unanimously chosen Clerk.

The Honorable the General Assembly have, by a resolution, requested the Supreme Executive Council to provide a convenient appartment in this city for the Council of Censors to meet in; and that the pay of each of the Censors be the same as is allowed to a member of the Supreme Executive Council.

On Thursday last their Excellencies M. de la Luzerne and M. Van Berkel set off from this city for Princeton; and on Friday the last mentioned gentleman had a public audience before the Congress of the United States, when he delivered his credentials as Minister Plenipotentiary from the United Netherlands.

General Carleton and Admiral Digby have issued a proclamation, dated the 27th ult. forbidding all persons whatsoever to offer any insult to the colours of foreign nations, within the harbour of New-York, under penalty of being severely punished. And commanding the officers of the police, and of the navy and army, to cause all persons concerned in the late outrage on an American vessel to be apprehended and brought to trial, and on conviction to be punished with the severity due to the offence.

General WASHINGTON's *farewell Orders to the Armies of the United States.*

Rocky-Hill, near Princeton, November 2, 1783.

THE United States in Congress assembled, after giving the most honorable testimony to the merits of the fœderal armies, and presenting them with the thanks of their country, for their long, eminent and faithful services,—having thought proper, by their proclamation, bearing date the 18th of October last, to discharge such part of the troops as were engaged for the war, and to permit the officers on furlough to retire from service, from and after to-morrow, which proclamation having been communicated in the public papers for the information and government of all concerned,—it only remains for the Commander in Chief to address himself once more, and that for the last time, to the armies of the United States (however widely dispersed the individuals who composed them may be) and to bid them an affectionate,—a long farewell.

But before the Commander in Chief takes his final leave of those he holds most dear, he wishes to indulge himself a few moments in calling to mind a slight review of the past,—he will then take the liberty of exploring, with his military friends, their future prospects,—of advising the general line of conduct, which in his opinion, ought to be pursued;—and he will conclude the address, by expressing the obligations he feels himself under for the spirited and able assistance he has experienced from them, in the performance of an arduous office.

A contemplation of the compleat attainment (at a period earlier than could have been expected) of the object for which we contended, against so formidable a power, cannot but inspire us with astonishment and gratitude.—The disadvantageous circumstances on our part, under which the war was undertaken, can never be forgotten.—The singular interpositions of Providence in our feeble condition, were such as could scarcely escape the attention of the most unobserving,—while the unparalleled perseverance of the armies of the United States, through almost every possible suffering and discouragement, for the space of eight long years, was little short of a standing miracle.

It is not the meaning, nor within the compass of this address, to detail the hardships peculiarly incident to our service, or to describe the distresses, which in several instances have resulted from the extremes of hunger and nakedness, combined with the rigors of an inclement season;—nor is it necessary to dwell on the dark side of our past affairs.—Every American officer and soldier must now console himself for any unpleasant circumstances which may have occurred, by a recollection of the uncommon scenes in which he has been called to act no inglorious part, and the astonishing events of which he has been a witness;—events which have seldom, if ever before, taken place on the stage of human action, nor can they probably ever happen again. For who has before seen a disciplined army formed at once from such raw materials? Who that was not a witness could imagine, that the most violent local prejudices would cease so soon, and that men who came from the different parts of the continent, strongly disposed, by the habits of education, to despise and quarrel with each other, would instantly become but one patriotic band of brothers? or who that was not on the spot can trace the steps, by which such a wonderful revolution has been effected, and such a glorious period put to all our warlike toils?

It is universally acknowledged that the enlarged prospects of happiness, opened by the confirmation of our independence and sovereignty, almost exceeds the power of description: And shall not the brave men who have contributed so essentially to these inestimable acquisitions, retiring victorious from the field of war to the field of agriculture, participate in all the blessings which have been obtained? In such a republic, who will exclude them from the rights of citizens, and the fruits of their labours? In such a country, so happily circumstanced, the pursuits of commerce and the cultivation of the soil will unfold to industry the certain road to competence.—To those hardy soldiers, who are actuated by the spirit of adventure, the fisheries will afford ample and profitable employment; and the extensive and fertile regions of the west will yield a most happy asylum to those, who, fond of domestic enjoyment, are seeking for personal independence. Nor is it possible to conceive that any one of the United States will prefer a national bankruptcy, and a dissolution of the union, to a compliance with the requisitions of Congress, and the payment of its just debts, so that the officers and soldiers may expect considerable assistance, in recommencing their civil occupations, from the sums due to them from the public, which must and will most inevitably be paid.

In order to effect this desirable purpose, and to remove the prejudices which may have taken possession of the minds of any of the good people of the States, it is earnestly recommended to all the troops, that, with strong attachments to the union, they should carry with them into civil society the most conciliating dispositions; and that they should prove themselves not less virtuous and useful as citizens, than they have been persevering and victorious as soldiers.—What though there should be some envious individuals, who are unwilling to pay the debt the public has contracted, or to yield the tribute due to merit, yet let such unworthy treatment produce no invective, or any instance of intemperate conduct,—let it be remembred, that the unbiassed voice of the free citizens of the United States has promised the just reward, and given the merited applause,—let it be known and remembered, that the reputation of the fœderal armies is established beyond the reach of malevolence, and let a consciousness of their atchievements and fame still incite the men who composed them to honorable actions, under the persuasion, that the private virtues of œconomy, prudence and industry, will not be less amiable in civil life, than the more splendid qualities of valour, perseverance and enterprize, were in the field:—Every one may rest assured that much, very much of the future happiness of the officers and men, will depend upon the wise and manly conduct which shall be adopted by them, when they are mingled with the great body of the community. And although the General has so frequently given it as his opinion, in the most public and explicit manner, that unless the principles of the fœderal government were properly supported, and the powers of the union encreased, the honor, dignity and justice of the nation would be lost forever: Yet he cannot help repeating on this occasion so interesting a sentiment, and leaving it as his last injunction to every officer and every soldier, who may view the subject in the same serious point of light, to add his best endeavours, to those of his worthy fellow citizens, towards effecting these great and valuable purposes, on which our very existence as a nation so materially depends.

The Commander in Chief conceives little is now wanting to enable the soldier to change his military character into that of the citizen, but that steady and decent tenor of behaviour, which has generally distinguished, not only the army under his immediate command, but the different detachments and separate armies, through the course of the war; from their good sense and prudence he anticipated the happiest consequences, and while he congratulates them on the glorious occasion which renders their services in the field no longer necessary, he wishes to express the strong obligations he feels himself under, for the assistance he has received from every class, and in every instance. He presents his thanks in the most serious and affectionate manner to the General Officers, as well for their counsel on many interesting occasions, as for their ardor in promoting the success of the plans he had adopted; to the commandants of regiments and corps, and to the other officers, for their great zeal and attention in carrying his orders promptly into execution; to the staff, for their alacrity and exactness in performing the duties of their several departments; and to the non-commissioned officers and private soldiers, for their extraordinary patience in suffering, as well as their invincible fortitude in action; to the various branches of the army, the General takes this last and solemn opportunity of professing his inviolable attachment and friendship.—He wishes more than bare professions were in his power, that he was really able to be useful to them all in future life.—He flatters himself however, they will do him the justice to believe, that whatever could with propriety be attempted by him, has been done.—And being now to conclude these his last public orders, to take his ultimate leave, in a short time, of the military character,—and to bid a final adieu to the armies he has so long had the honor to command,—he can only again offer, in their behalf, his recommendations to their grateful country, and his prayers to the God of armies.—May ample justice be done them here, and may the choicest of Heaven's favors, both here and hereafter attend those, who under the Divine auspices have secured inumerable blessings for others. With these wishes, and this benediction, the Commander in Chief is about to retire from service—The curtain of seperation will soon be drawn—and the military scene to him will be closed forever.

EDWARD HAND, Adjutant General.

N. B. The Printers in the several States are requested to publish the above orders.

On Tuesday, the 28th ult. died, Mr. SAMUEL EMLEN, in the 87th year of his age, and the Friday following his remains were interred in the Friends burial-ground, attended by a respectable number of his fellow citizens.----Temperance and exercise secured to him a long life, free from sickness-- Industry an affluent fortune, which his friends knew the worthy indigent partook of---His good-nature, and universal love to mankind, engaged the esteem of all who knew him---He avoided the busy scenes of public life, and chose to travel in the path of peace.

From RIVINGTON's *New-York Gazette of November 1.*

On Thursday last arrived, in thirty days from England, the ship Hartford, Capt. Folgar.---In this ship came passengers Col. Matthew Ogden (who set off express to Congress) and Mr. Albion Cox.

The September Packet had sailed from Falmouth for this port, and the L'Orient Packet, with the first mail from France, charged with the Definitive Treaty between Great-Britain and the United States of America, to the Congress, was to sail from that port on or before the 20th day of September. The Ship Lady Washington had sailed for Philadelphia before the Hartford, which last ship left the Lizard on the first of October.

LONDON.

DEFINITIVE TREATY.

Copy of a letter received by the LORD MAYOR *of* LONDON, *Sunday Morning, Half past Nine.*

St. James's, Sept. 6th, 30 Minutes past Eleven, P. M.

"MY LORD,

"I have the honour to acquaint your Lordship, that Captain Warner is just arrived with the Preliminary Articles between his Majesty and the States General, signed at Paris on the 2d instant, as also the Definitive Treaties with France and Spain, signed at Versailles the 3d instant, by the Duke of Manchester, his Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, and the respective Plenipotentiaries of the said Courts and States. The Definitive Treaty with the United States of America was also signed at Paris the 3d instant, by David Hartley, Esq; his Majesty's Plenipotentiary, and the Plenipotentiaries of those States, and will be brought over by Mr. Hartley himself.

"I send your Lordship immediate notice of these important events, in order that they may be made public without loss of time. I am, with the greatest respect, my Lord,

"*Your Lordship's most obedient humble servant,*

C. J. FOX.

The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor."

From the LONDON GAZETTE.

St. James's, Sept. 9. On Saturday night last Captain Warner arrived with the Preliminary Articles between his Majesty and the States-General, signed at Paris on the 2d instant; as also the Definitive Treaties of Peace between his Majesty and the Most Christian and Catholic Kings, signed at Versailles on the 3st instant, by his Grace the Duke of Manchester, his Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, and by the respective Plenipotentiaries of their Most Christian and Catholic Majesties and the States-General.

The Definitive Treaty with the United States of America was also signed at Paris on the 3d instant, by David Hartley, Esq; his Majesty's Plenipotentiary, and by the Plenipotentiaries of the United States; and Mr. Hartley is hourly expected to arrive with it.

TO BE SOLD,

A THREE story brick HOUSE, with a Kitchen and back Buildings, now in the possession of Mr. Matthew M'Connell, situate on the south side of Market-street, between Front and Second-streets. The lot is 15 feet 3 inches front, and 75 feet in depth. For further particulars, enquire of the Printers. ☞

STATE of PENNSYLVANIA.

In GENERAL ASSEMBLY,

FRIDAY, *September* 26. 1783. A. M.

ON MOTION, *Ordered*, That the bill, entituled "An Act for the more ſpeedy and effectual adminiſtration of juſtice," be printed for public conſideration.

Extract from the Minutes,

PETER Z. LLOYD, Clerk of the General Aſſembly.

An ACT *for the more ſpeedy and effectual adminiſtration of juſtice.*

WHEREAS the ſecuring the property, the liberty and happineſs of the people, is the only object for which government hath been inſtituted, and for the attainment whereof the due adminiſtration of juſtice is indiſpenſably neceſſary:

Be it therefore enacted, and it is hereby enacted by the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Commonwealth of Pennſylvania, *in General Aſſembly met, and by the authority of the ſame*, That, from and after the day of next, the Judges of the Supreme Court ſhall hold Courts of Oyer and Terminer, General Goal Delivery and Niſi Prius, in the ſeveral and reſpective counties of this commonwealth every year, in the manner and at the times herein after mentioned; that is to ſay, the Chief Juſtice ſhall hold ſaid Courts at , for the county of Cheſter, on the laſt Mondays in the months of April and October; and at Newtown, for the county of Bucks, on the firſt Mondays in the months of May and November; and at Philadelphia, for the county of Philadelphia, on the ſecond Mondays in the two months laſt aforementioned.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Courts of Oyer and Terminer, Goal Delivery and Niſi Prius, ſhall be held at Eaſton, for the county of Northampton, on the laſt Mondays in the months of March and September; at Reading, for the county of Berks, on the firſt Mondays in the months of April and October; at Lancaſter, for the county of Lancaſter, on the ſecond Mondays in the two months laſt aforeſaid; at York, for the county of York, on the laſt Mondays in the months of Auguſt and February; at Carliſle, for the county of Cumberland, on the firſt Mondays in the months of September and March; at Sunbury, for the county of Northumberland, on the ſecond Mondays in the two months laſt aforeſaid; at Bedford, for the county of Bedford, on the firſt Monday in Auguſt; at for the county of Weſtmoreland, on the ſecond Monday in Auguſt; and at , for the county of Waſhington, on the third Monday in Auguſt.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the three Puiſné Judges of the ſaid Supreme Court ſhall hold the Courts aforeſaid in the counties above mentioned (except the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks and Cheſter) and that they ſhall and may, according to their diſcretion and convenience, fix on and determine the counties in which they ſhall ſeverally attend at the times and places aforeſaid; and that the Judges of the ſaid Court, and each and every of them, ſhall be enabled, by virtue of this act, and they are hereby enabled, without other commiſſion, to exerciſe all the authority, powers and juriſdiction, which Juſtices of Oyer and Terminer, General Goal Delivery and Niſi Prius, by law may or can do.

Provided always, and it is hereby further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That it ſhall and may be lawful for the Supreme Executive Council to iſſue a general commiſſion or commiſſions of Oyer and Terminer and General Goal Delivery, for any one county, to three or more perſons of integrity and ability, who, or any two of them, may hold a Court for that occaſion only, whenever the Executive Council ſhall deem it neceſſary for expediting the trial of any offender or offenders, any thing in this act to the contrary in any wiſe notwithſtanding.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That each and every of the ſaid Judges, on their ſeveral and reſpective circuits, ſhall have power to paſs ſentence of death, or any other ſentence according to law, and to fix on the time and place of carrying the ſaid ſentence or ſentences into execution; and that fter paſſing ſuch ſentence of condemnation, it ſhall be lawful to any of the ſaid Judges, before whom the offender or offenders hath or have been convicted, to reſpite execution from time to time, as to the ſaid Judge may appear proper.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the expences of the ſaid Judges and their ſervants, on their circuits, ſhall be borne as heretofore by the reſpective counties; but that no allowance ſhall be made for their expences while ſitting in bank.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the Supreme Court, from and after the day of next, ſhall be holden and kept at Philadelphia twice in every year, viz. on the ſecond Mondays in the months of June and December; and that the Judges of the ſaid Court, and each and every of them, ſhall, on their return from holding the Courts of Niſi Prius aforeſaid, make report to the ſaid Supreme Court in bank of all cauſes wherein ſpecial verdicts have been given, motions for new trials or in arreſt of judgment have been made, or caſes have been ſtated by the Counſel, or points of law have been reſerved; in order that the ſame may be there argued and determined according to law.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That neither of the ſaid terms of the Supreme Court above mentioned and appointed ſhall continue longer than thirty days from the beginning thereof, including Sundays and the firſt days of the ſame.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the ſaid Supreme Court ſhall have, and they are hereby inveſted with original juriſdiction and cognizance of all manner of ſuits, cauſes and actions, real, perſonal and mixed.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That where the debt or damages in any perſonal action which ſhall be found due by default, confeſſion, verdict, or report of referrees, ſhall not amount to the ſum of one hundred pounds, lawful money of Pennſylvania, the plaintiff or plaintiffs in ſuch action ſhall not recover any coſts of ſuit.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That in caſe any of the ſaid Judges ſhould be unable, by reaſon of ſickneſs or other accident, to hold the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, General Goal Delivery and Niſi Prius, at the days and places above mentioned, the Supreme Executive Council ſhall, and they are hereby empowered and directed, on information from the ſaid Judge, which he is hereby required to give in due time, to iſſue a commiſſion, authoriſing and appointing ſome ſuitable perſon in his ſtead to hold the Courts aforeſaid, who ſhall have the ſame powers and be allowed his expences in like manner as the other Judges; and ſhall receive in addition thereto per pay, from the time of his ſetting out on ſuch circuit until his return; and ſhall make report to the Supreme Court in bank, in the ſame manner as the Judges of the ſaid Court are herein before directed to make report.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the Clerk or Prothonotary of the Supreme Court ſhall, and he is hereby directed and empowered to appoint ſome ſuitable perſon in each county where he ſhall not attend in perſon, to be his deputy Clerk at the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, General Goal Delivery and Niſi Prius, who ſhall, before he enters upon the duties of his ſaid appointment, take an oath before one of the Judges of the Supreme Court for the faithful execution of the ſame, and ſhall keep his office at the county town within the county for which he ſhall be appointed; and that the Prothonotary of the Supreme Court ſhall, from time to time, furniſh his deputies with a ſufficient number of ſuch blank writs as ſhall be requiſite, which ſhall be teſted in the name of the Chief Juſtice of the ſaid Court; and that each of the ſaid deputies ſhall keep a docket of all writs iſſued, and cauſes depending in their ſeveral and reſpective counties, and of all ſuch rules and entries as ſhall be made therein.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That the deputies appointed as aforeſaid ſhall in their reſpective counties be Commiſſioners of Bail; and they are hereby ſeverally empowered and required, as ſuch, to take and receive all and every ſuch recognizance or recognizances of bail as any perſon or perſons ſhall be willing and deſirous to acknowledge or make before any of them, in any action or ſuit depending in the Supreme Court, in ſuch manner and form as the Judges of the ſaid Court have uſed to take the ſame.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That every original writ or ſummons, declaration in ejectment, or other original proceſs whatever, iſſuing out of the ſaid Court, ſhall be returnable on the firſt day of the term enſuing, that is to ſay, on the ſecond Monday in the months of June or December; and that the Sheriff or other officer who executes ſaid proceſs ſhall make return on the firſt day of the term of every ſuch writ, ſummons or original proceſs, into the office kept by the Clerk of the ſaid Court in the reſpective counties, and ſhall endorſe thereon his ſaid return; and the Clerks of the ſaid offices ſhall file the ſame in their reſpective offices.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That in every action or ſuit commenced in the ſaid Court, the plaintiff or plaintiffs ſhall file his or their declaration in the office of the proper county where the ſaid ſuit or action is or may be brought, within five days (incluſive) after the return of the original writ or declaration in ejectment; and that the defendant or defendants in every ſuch ſuit or action ſhall file his or their plea or pleas thereto in writing in the ſaid office, within five days (excluſive) after the expiration of the aforeſaid five days; and the plaintiff or plaintiffs in every ſuch ſuit ſhall file in ſaid office his or their replication in writing to the plea or demurrer of the defendant, within five days (excluſive) after the expiration of the laſt mentioned five days; and if any other or further pleadings ſhould be neceſſary, the ſame ſhall be filed in the office, within five days (excluſive) from and after the expiration of the laſt mentioned five days; ſo that an iſſue or demurrer may be made up in every cauſe at the term to which the original ſummons, declaration in ejectment, or other original proceſs is returnable, and the ſaid cauſe ar cauſes may be ready for trial at the court of Aſſize or Niſi Prius next enſuing the term to which the ſaid action is or may be brought.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That no further or longer time ſhall be allowed for the pleadings in any cauſe or ſuit whatever, and unleſs the ſame ſhall be filed within the reſpective days above mentioned, it ſhall be lawful for the plaintiff or defendant to ſign a judgment, or enter a non-proſs. as the caſe may be.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That ſpecial bail ſhall be entered in ſaid Court in all caſes where by law it is required, on or before the firſt day of the term to which the writ is returnable; and if the plaintiff excepts to ſuch bail ſo entered, he ſhall give notice thereof to the defendant or his attorney, on the ſecond day of the ſaid term, and the defendant ſhall perfect his bail within three days (excluſive) from and after the ſaid notice, before the Clerk of the ſaid Court (who is hereby enabled to judge of ſuch bail, and to adminiſter any oath or oaths that may be neceſſary touching ſuch bail.) And if the defendant ſhall neglect to enter ſpecial bail on or before the firſt day of the term, or, having entered bail, ſhall neglect to perfect it within the time above mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful for the plaintiff, in either of the ſaid caſes, to file common bail for the defendant, and to ſign judgment againſt him; and in caſe the defendant ſhall perfect his bail, he ſhall then file his plea in writing to the declaration of the plaintiff, within the time and according to the rules before mentioned, and the reſpective pleadings ſhall be filed according to the ſaid rules.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That nothing in the foregoing clauſe ſhall be conſtrued to hinder or prevent the Sheriff making a return of cepi corpus et committitur, on any capias ad reſpondendum iſſued out of the ſaid Court, and executed by him.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That in caſe judgment ſhould be ſigned againſt any defendant for or by reaſon of not entering ſpecial bail, or perfecting the ſame within the times above mentioned, it ſhall and may be lawful for the plaintiff in every ſuch action, beſides ſuing forth his execution againſt the defendant, to take an aſſignment of the bail bond, and proceed thereon by ſummons teſted the firſt day of the ſaid term, and returnable on the fifteenth day of the ſaid term (unleſs the ſame ſhould happen on a Sunday, and then on the ſixteenth day) and the proceedings on ſuch bail bond and the execution againſt the defendant ſhall not be ſtayed, unleſs on the return day of the ſaid ſummons the defendant ſhall (after paying coſts) enter good and unexceptionable bail (to be judged of by the Clerk of the ſaid Court) and plead an iſſuable plea; and for want of ſuch ſpecial bail and iſſuable plea being filed on the return day of the ſummons on the bail bond, the plaintiff, after filing his declaration on the bail bond ſuit, ſhall proceed as in other cauſes.

And be it further enacted by the authority aforeſaid, That if the plaintiff or plaintiffs in any action or ſuit depending in ſaid Court, ſhall neglect to bring ſuch cauſe to trial at the Court of Aſſize or Niſi Prius next enſuing the term to which the action or ſuit was brought, it ſhall and may be lawful for the Judge of the ſaid Court, and he is hereby required (without any motion made for that purpoſe) to give the like judgment for the defendant or defendants in every ſuch action or ſuit as in caſe of nonſuit.

[*Remainder in our next.*]

THOUGHTS upon the permanent Reſidence of CONGRESS.

Firſt. THERE ſhould be but *one* fœderal town, in which the Congreſs ſhould poſſeſs ſuch a degree of juriſdiction, as to render their perſons, papers and buildings ſafe, and free from all inſults incompatible with ſovereignty.

Second. This town ſhould be as near as poſſible to the centre of the union. This will be found neceſſary to convey *equal* energy to every part of the government. It will likewiſe be found uſeful, in the time of war, to convey intelligence in *equal* times to the extreme parts of the States.

Third. It ſhould be ſituated near a large city. The advantages of this ſituation are many. 1ſt. The money of all countries is lodged chiefly in large cities, and this money can only be commanded upon emergencies by the perſonal intercourſe and applications of the heads of the government. 2d. A city will be the beſt reſervoir of the opinions and principles of Congreſs, and will afford them the quickeſt and moſt extenſive circulation thro' the States. 3d. A city will contain the greateſt number of active, inquiſitive, vigilant and jealous ſpirits, who will act the part of ſpies upon the Congreſs, and give the ſpeedieſt alarm to the continent, if ever they ſhould abuſe their power. 4th. A city contains the greateſt variety of characters, abounding with the greateſt variety of knowledge in commerce, ſcience and mechanical arts, all of which are uſeful and neceſſary to legiſlators. 5th. The cities in the middle States are filled with miniſters and ſects of every religious denomination: Hence members of Congreſs and their officers, as well as foreigners, may enjoy the advantages of public worſhip agreeable to their conſciences, without the additional expence of building churches, or ſupporting miniſters for that purpoſe. 6th. A city affords the greateſt variety of company and conveniencies to render life agreeable, at the *ſmalleſt* expence. Company, and the neceſſary relaxations from buſineſs, are always created at an immenſe expence in villages.

Fourth. The fœderal town ſhould be ſeated near navigable water. The advantages of this ſituation are too obvious to be mentioned.

If it is the deſire of the Congreſs to ſtrengthen the union, and encreaſe fœderal habits and prejudices, New-York and Pennſylvania have a juſt claim to their perpetual reſidence, excluſive of every other conſideration. Theſe ſtates have felt their ſafety and importance in their repreſentation in the great council of the nation. They have never entertained any unreaſonable jealouſies of her power. They have conſtantly thrown their ſovereignty into the continental ſcale. Their inhabitants conſider themſelves as citizens of the United States, and feel for every member of the union the ſacred ties that ſhould bind countrymen together. In a word-----Pennſylvania and New-York have become fœderal ſtates. Congreſs may be happy any where; but they will be no where ſo much reſpected abroad, or obeyed at home, as in the neighbourhood of Philadelphia or New-York. Little politicians expreſs their fears, leſt the ſtate where Congreſs ſhall fix their reſidence ſhould become more wealthy and powerful than her neighbours. What then? Will not this wealth, and this power, belong to the *whole* union? It was a fear of the future wealth and power of the American colonies, that led Great-Britain to the fatal ſtep that ſeparated them from her for ever. She forgot, that all the wealth and power acquired by her colonies could belong only to *herſelf*. Rulers, be wiſe! The body politic and the natural body are in many reſpects alike. Do not attempt to tranſpoſe the heart. The blood is conveyed moſt ſpeedily, and effectually, from its preſent ſituation to every part of the body. Do not give over receiving nouriſhment by your mouths. Your heads will not grow too big for your extremities.

Altho' I conceive ſuch great advantages will ariſe to the Union, from the Congreſs being in the neighbourhood of a great city, yet I am far from thinking that equal advantages will accrue to the City or State where they ſhall fix their reſidence. Their fœderal power will often ſit heavy upon the power of the State. Expence and public amuſements (ſo unfriendly to republicaniſm) will follow them wherever they go. For theſe reaſons, were I compelled to give a vote upon the ſubject of the permanent reſidence of Congreſs, and at the ſame time to be governed by my affection for Pennſylvania, I would certainly throw my ballot in favour of the neighbourhood of New-York.

A PENNSYLVANIAN.

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, at a moderate Advance, by the Caſe, by

SAMUEL HOWELL, jun.

In Water-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets,

700 Pieces of Chintzes and Cottons,

WELL ASSORTED.

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CONSIDERATIONS on the SOCIETY or ORDER of CINCINNATI; lately inſtituted by the Major-Generals, Brigadier-Generals, and other Officers of the American Army: Proving, that it creates a Race of Hereditary Patricians, or Nobility: Interſperſed with Remarks on its Conſequences to the Freedom and Happineſs of the Republic. Addreſſed to the People of South-Carolina, and their Repreſentatives.

BY CASSIUS.

Suppoſed to be written by ÆDANUS BURKE, Eſquire, one of the Chief Juſtices of the State of South-Carolina.

Blow ye the Trumpet in Zion. The BIBLE.

Alſo Juſt Publiſhed at BELL's *Book-ſtore,*

Capt. COOK's Laſt Voyage, the Voyage in which he was killed, 2 Volumes complete and neatly bound in one.-----Price *Two Dollars.*

WHEREAS a certain JAMES BAIRD, ſuppoſed to be living up Juniata, fraudulently obtained a NOTE of me, dated Bermuda Goal, February, 1780, for the ſum of £. 17. This therefore is to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment on ſaid note, as I am determined never to diſcharge the ſame, until compelled by law.

October 25. 1783. § FLAVEL ROWAN.

BY virtue of ſundry Writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public SALE, on FRIDAY, the 7th day of November next, at the Court-Houſe, in the borough of Lancaſter, at two o'clock in the afternoon, All the ESTATE of ANN KENNEDY, in a certain Meſſuage or Tract of Land, ſituate in Lampeter township, Lancaſter county, containing 240 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, adjoining lands of Felix Binkley, deceaſed, Thomas Nedro, Chriſtian Yordey and others; together with a large two ſtory brick Dwelling-Houſe, Still-Houſe, Barn and Stables; ſeized and taken in execution, by

Lancaſter, Oct. 26. † THOMAS EDWARDS, Sheriff.

To be SOLD by public Vendue,

At the Coffee-Houſe, on SATURDAY, the 15th of November, at ſix o'clock in the evening, if not ſold before by private ſale,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in Bucks county, 17 miles from the city, and three from Briſtol, agreeably ſituated on Neſhaminey creek, and in full view of the Delaware, containing 250 acres, or thereabouts, about half cleared, the other wood, 40 acres whereof are bank meadow, nearly finiſhed, and will be equal to any in the country, with a fine large apple orchard in full perfection, and moſt other fruits; there are on the premiſes, three houſes, a large barn, and other conveniences; lying cloſe to the road where the York ſtages paſs every day. For further particulars, enquire of ASHETON HUMPHREYS, Eſq; in Front-ſtreet, near the Coffee-Houſe. §

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of *William Daviſon, William Gordon, David Cock, Jacob Herrington, Elijah Okes, Henry Johnſon, John Kelſo, William Herrington*, &c. inſolvent debtors, That they be and appear at the Court-Houſe, in Trenton, on MONDAY, the firſt day of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why an aſſignment of the ſaid inſolvent debtors eſtates ſhould not be made, and the ſaid inſolvent debtors diſcharged from their impriſonment, purſuant to a late act of inſolveney. ¶

TWO DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED from the plantation of Widow Moland, on which Robert Cornwill lives, in the night of the 17th ult. a duniſh roan MARE, near 15 hands high, 10 years old, one of her hind feet white, ſhod before, her face is white, blind of both eyes, lifts her feet high when ſhe trots, and had a pair of hoppels on when ſhe went away. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare, ſo that the owner gets her again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living in Warrington, Bucks county. Nov 1. § ANDREW LONG, jun.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the Subſcriber's ſtable, on the evening of the 27th of October laſt, a dark brown HORSE, about 14 hands and a half high, about 12 years old, ſtout made, marked *IH* on his buttock, and his mane hangs on the near ſide of his neck. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and delivers him at Arch-ſtreet Ferry, ſhall receive the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ¶

Phila. Nov. 4, 1783. JOHN RUPER.

BROKE into the incloſures of the Subſcriber, in Moyamenſing township, Philadelphia county, on Tueſday night, the 21ſt of October laſt, a Roan HORSE, about 13 hands high. The owner is deſired to come, prove property, pay charges, and take him away. ROBERT MULLAN.

Just come to hand, and to be SOLD at SAMUEL DELLAP's Book and Stationary Store, in Chefnut, the corner of Third-ſtreet,

The following MEDICINES, *viz.*

THE Golden Medical Cephalic Snuff, which by long experience has been found an effectual remedy for moſt diſorders of the head, to which it hardly ever fails giving immediate eaſe, and by frequent uſe prevents their return: It admirably opens and purges the head, ſtrengthens the nerves, revives the ſpirits, and has a moſt grateful aromatick ſmell: It removes drowſineſs, ſleepineſs and vapours, relieves dimneſs of the eyes, is excellent in curing recent deafneſs, and has been of great ſervice in hyſterick and paralytick complaints, and in reſtoring the memory when impaired by diſorders of the head: It is proper for all perſons who viſit the ſick, or go into unwholeſome rooms, hot climates, or unhealthy places, as it fortifies the head againſt noxious exhalations and infectious air. Numbers of perſons have experienced the happy effects of this Golden Medical Cephalic Snuff, and is preſcribed by the moſt eminent oculiſts and auriſts in Europe, in the courſe of their practice, as a capital medicine for the various diſorders of the eyes and ears: Printed directions on each bottle, for the uſe of the above ſnuff, price 5s.----May be had at the ſame place (price 3s. 9d. per box, and 3s. 9d. per bottle) the Britiſh Tooth Powder, and Tincture for the gums: It takes off all foulneſs from the teeth and gums, renders them very beautiful, perfectly faſtens ſuch as are looſe, prevents their decaying, and entirely cures the ſcurvy, and all diſorders of the gums.----

The true Italian Pomade de Venus, whoſe excellent virtues are well known in the great world for preventing the hair from falling, preſerving it in its priſtine vigour and colour, and even in caſe of baldneſs it cauſes the hair to grow thick and ſtrong (price 7. 6d. per pot.)

The moſt violent tooth-ach cured in a few minutes without drawing, by an eſſence which gives immediate eaſe therein. By applying this eſſence outwardly it will remove all kinds of ſwelling in the cheeks or pain in the ears, and is an abſolute cure for the head-ach if ever ſo violent: It likewiſe eaſes the rheumatic pains in any part of the body: It is ſo harmleſs, that it may at any time be made uſe of agreeable to the directions. This valuable eſſence is prepared and ſold in bottles, at 7s. 6d. each, with particular directions in print for uſing it.

Doctor Van Helmot's Specific Pills for the fever and ague, price 7s. 6d.-----Dr. Hill's Eſſential Tincture of Golden Rod, a ſucceſsful medicine now uſed for the gravel and ſtone, price 15s. ---Dr. Hill's eſſence of water Dock, for the ſcurvy, leproſy and all obſtinate cutaneous diſorders, price 10s.----Turlington's Balſam---Wine and Spirit Bitters---Glauber Salts, Liquorice Ball---Cream of Tartar---Anderſon's Pill's, &c.---A neat Microſcope. ---Alſo, Books, Stationary, Watch-Papers and other Curioſities.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, ſituated in Charleſtown townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 115 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, with an indiſputable title, the land very good, about 35 acres of good woodland, and 12 acres of meadow, the greater part watered by a ſtream that never has failed, with a good dwelling houſe, the greater part of ſtone, a good tan-yard, with vatts ſufficient to tan 500 hides the ſeaſon beſides ſkins, a good ſtone currying ſhop, bark and mill-houſe, 41 feet in the clear, a good ſtone ſpring-houſe on a never-failing ſpring that runs through the tan-yard, barn, ſtables, &c. For further particulars, apply to the owner, on the premiſes.

I. HUMPHREYS.

N. B. The purchaſer may have a large quantity of bark, if wanted. §

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, ſituate on the great road to Briſtol, 12 miles from Philadelphia, containing about 300 acres of excellent wheat land, of which near one third is wooded, with a ſufficient quantity of meadow. There are on the premiſes, a ſubſtantial tenant's houſe of ſquared logs, with a good framed barn and a thriving ſmall orchard. The place has two excellent ſituations for building, commanding a grand view of the river Delaware and the grounds adjacent, and is well adapted for a gentleman's country ſeat, or a farmer. Enquire of TENCH COXE or EDWARD SHIPPEN, in Philadelphia; or HENRY WARD PEARCE, in Cæcil county, Maryland. ‖

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RAN-AWAY laſt evening, from the ſubſcriber, a German ſervant man (lately from Holland) named JOHN MICHAEL MYER, ſpeaks no Engliſh, is by trade a brewer and diſtillier, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, a ſtout well built man, of a dark complexion, walks very upright, ſhort brown hair, and a little knock-kneed. Had on when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat, ſtamped linen waiſtcoat, black leather breeches, new ſhoes and caſtor hat half worn: Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant and ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by REUBEN HAINS. Oct. 21.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour or carry off ſaid ſervant at their peril. †

New-Caſtle, October 13, 1783.

NOW in the goal of this county, the following Negroe Men, to wit, JACOB, a ſtout young fellow, aboat 21 years of age, and confeſſeth himſelf to be the property of Nathan Griffith, of the town of Baltimore. SPENCE, a ſtout well made fellow, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, and ſays he belongs to a certain Mr. Hudſon, of Baltimore town, and that he ran away from a Mr. Ridgley's iron-works above two years ago. Their maſter or owners are requeſted to come, within three weeks from the above date, and take them away, otherwiſe they will be diſcharged according to law.

§ THOMAS CLARK, Goaler.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Philadelphia, on the 12th inſtant, an Apprentice Lad, named MATTHIAS HANSON, 21 or 22 years of age, a ſoap-boiler and chandler by trade. Whoever takes up the ſaid lad, and brings him to me, ſhall have SIX NINETIETHS of a DOLLAR Reward, paid by § ALEXANDER PERRY.

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, lying on Cheſter river, Kent county, State of Maryland, containing by patent about 400 acres, nearly one half of which is cleared and the remainder well timbered, with white oak and other uſeful wood, the land is freſh and very good, being well adapted to the growth of wheat, corn and tobacco, and a very conſiderable quantity of fine meadow may be made with little trouble or expence; there are ſeveral fine creeks near it, which, as well as the river, abound with wild foul, fiſh and oyſters; there are on the premiſes two good quarters and other neceſſary buildings, beſide a new wooden dwelling nearly finiſhed in a genteel manner. The above land will be ſold cheap, and goods taken in payment. For particulars apply to the Printers, or to Thomas Smith, Eſq; in Cheſter-Town, Maryland.

For SALE, by public Vendue,

THAT pleaſant SEAT, formerly the eſtate of Robert Hopkins, deceaſed, ſituate in the preciné of Richmond, commonly called Point-no-Point, five miles from the city of Philadelphia, containing one hundred acres and a half, or thereabouts, of which nearly one half is banked meadow of the beſt kind, in good order, the remainder excellent arable land eaſily tilled; the fences are white cedar rails and red cedar poſts.

There are on the premiſes, an elegant two ſtory dwelling-houſe, 58 feet front, of a beautiful hewn ſtone, and 38 feet deep, with four rooms on each floor, elegantly finiſhed; three of the rooms on the ground floor are wainſcotted on three ſides ſurbace high, and in the fourth quite up to the ceiling, with a very handſome cornice in each room; the chimney-places decorated with poliſhed marble, and two of the hearths alſo marble; the entry is 12 feet wide, ornamented with the Dorick entablature, well executed, and pediments over the door of each room; the ſtair-caſe is a ramp and twiſt with handſome brackets; the rooms on the ſecond floor are genteelly finiſhed, two of them decorated with marble chimney-pieces and hearths; the garret is very large and roomy; on the houſe top there are iron rails and mouldings of wood, by way of balcony, from whence there is a beautiful proſpect of the neighbouring ſeats, the river Delaware, and the Jerſey ſhore; the front door is arched, and calculated to admit of ornaments in the higheſt degree of elegance; the kitchen is convenient and the cellar very good, with two commodious and valuable vaults adjoining the houſe.

A ſtone building, 60 feet by 30 feet.

Another building, part of ſtone and part of wood, 65 feet by 25 feet, under which is a large cellar, containing two ovens, calculated for biſcuit-baking, and over it a large bread-room and granary. A framed hay-houſe, 64 by 25 feet. Theſe buildings are capable of holding 100 tons of hay under cover, and afford ſtabling for 20 horſes and 18 head of cattle, beſides ample room for farming utenſils.

A Coach-houſe, a ſtone Smoak-houſe: And at a little diſtance from the manſion, a ſmall tenement with a celler under it, a Waſh-houſe adjoining, and a pump of good water before the door.

Four Orchards containing about 700 apple trees, beſides a collection of fruit trees of the beſt kinds.

The meadow banks on the river are eſteemed equal if not ſuperior to any in the State, and contains an independent trunk or ſluice, which is rendered the more valuable by independent banks on the premiſes, calculated to keep the water from flowing in from the neighbouring ground. The meadows are well drained by 10 feet ditches; one on each ſide, two near the middle, and three acroſs. On the faſt land adjoining the meadow, there is an unfailing ſpring of the beſt water.

The road from the city to this highly improved ſeat, is not only level and very pleaſant, but is more uniformly good at all ſeaſons of the year, than any other road of equal diſtance from the city, and there are two landing places on the premiſes, at which flats containing 20 cords of wood may unlade. One on Frankford creek, and one on the Delaware.

One fourth part of the premiſes, late the eſtate of William Jackſon, deceaſed, will be ſold by virtue of an order of the orphans court, the remaining three fourth parts, at the ſame time and place, by the legatees of the ſaid Robert Hopkins. The whole ſubject to the payment of 75 ounces of coined gold of the kingdom of Portugal, to Elizabeth Hopkins, daughter of Iſaac Hopkins, when ſhe ſhall arrive at the age of twenty-one years, or to her heirs, according to the will of the ſaid Robert Hopkins, deceaſed.

One third part of the purchaſe money to be paid at the time of executing the deed, and ſufficient ſecurity for the payment of the remainder, on the ſecond day of April next, when poſſeſſion will be given.

The ſale to be held at the Coffee-Houſe, on the 5th day of November next, at five o'clock in the afternoon.

WILLIAM ADCOCK,
MARY JACKSON,
ROBERT HOPKINS,
THOMAS HOPKINS,
J. BATES.

October 14, 1783.

Glouceſter October 13, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of Jacob Parks, Debtor, now in the Goal of Glouceſter county, in Weſt New-Jerſey, to appear on Monday the Seventeenth day of November next, at Two o'clock in the afternoon at the houſe of William Hugg, in the town of Glouceſter, to ſhew cauſe if any they have, why an aſſignment of the Debtor's eſtate ſhould not be made, and the ſaid Debtor diſcharged, Purſuant to an Act of Aſſembly. †4 w. JACOB PARKS.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY, on the 13th of this inſtant, from the Conſtable of the townſhip of Tinicum, in the county of Cheſter, a certain HENRY ROBINSON, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, ſandy coloured hair, pretty full faced, and ſomewhat freckled: Had on, when he ran away, an old brown ſhort coat, homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, and an old wool hat, no ſhoes nor ſtockings, if he had any other clothes they are unknown. Whoever takes up the ſaid runaway, and brings him to me, or ſecures him in any goal, ſhall have the above reward.

Oct. 19. § JOSEPH MERRION, Conſtable.

TEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, on the 19th inſtant, An Iriſh Servant Man, named JOHN NOLES. Had on when he went away, a round felt hat, an old bloſſom coloured coat, and jacket much the ſame, a ſpotted cotton handkerchief about his neck, coarſe linen ſhirt, a pair of browniſh coloured ſtriped breeches, a pair of Germantown worſted ſtockings, a pair of new ſhoes, with braſs buckles. He is about 18 or 19 years of age, brown hair, 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, middling well ſet, ſpeaks pretty broad; came in the ſhip Volunteer from Lairne, Capt. Dillon, maſter. Whoever takes up and ſecures the abovementioned John Noles in any goal, or brings him to his maſter, living in Second-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſnut-ſtreets, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

Philad. Oct. 21. § ANDREW KENNEDY.

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN out of the paſture of the ſubſcriber, living in Knowlton townſhip, Suſſex county, New Jerſey, on Sunday night laſt, A three year old MARE, the colour of a deer, has a middling long docked tail, ſhort mane and fore-top, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, near 15 hands high, trots and paces a ſhort travel, ſhod all round, and has a ſtreak or feather on each ſide of her neck, where the hair runs the contrary way, is thin bodied and long legged; the thief, who it is ſuſpected has ſtole her, is of a ſandy complexion, named William Barry, but calls himſelf David Good, in ſome places, and is ſuppoſed to have gone towards Suſquehanna, in Pennſylvania. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare and thief, ſhall have the above reward, or for the mare only, on delivering her to Mr. David Waggoner, at Eaſton, or Mr. George Congle, in Bucks county, EIGHT DOLLARS, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN CONGLE. *Sept.* 24. §

TO BE RENTED,

THE Store-houſe, Dwelling-houſe, Kitchen, Granaries and Lots, where Mr. CHARLES CROOKSHANKS formerly kept STORE, in Oxford, Talbot county, Maryland; they are well ſituated for trade, having a good wharff, with navigable water up to it, it is alſo a remarkable healthy ſpot, and very fine for fiſh and oyſters; the Store-houſe has a good counting-room to it, with an exceeding good cellar; there is alſo on ſaid lots a ware-houſe. The terms may be known, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living in Talbot county, Maryland.

Sept. 23, 1783. ‖ SAMUEL STEVENS.

WAS left in the paſture of the ſubſcriber, in Whitpain townſhip, Philadelphia county, on the night of the 15th of July, a light brown HORSE, with a blaze and two white feet, trots and canters well, ſuppoſed to be 6 or 7 years old, about 14 hands and an half high. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be ſold in four weeks from the date hereof to pay the coſts, by

Oct. 10. § JOHN WENTZ, jun.

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

NEAR Bohemia Ferry and Saſſafras Neck, Cæcil County, State of Maryland, a compact level FARM, divided from the one he lives on by a main road, containing about 200 acres; near 30 of which is woodland. The reſidue has been divided in three fields; part of the woodland in each, and the annual produce under common management, from 150 to 200 barrels of corn, and from 500 to 750 buſhels of wheat. The buildings with repair may be made comfortable and ſufficient, and there is a bank and ditch on the road ſide, with part poſt and rail, and part hedge; but a view of the place will beſt recommend it. The purchaſer may probably be accommodated with negroes and ſtock as may ſuit him, and he may have a wheat crop of about 50 acres, ſowed in corn ground, or not, as he pleaſes, with apple and other fruit trees for a young orchard.

Alſo, another FARM, on the other ſide of a creek, and branch from him, containing from 120 to 160 acres, as may be agreed for; on which is a good dwelling and other houſes, garden, orchard, &c. divided very conveniently into three fields, which extend to the creek, the banks of which are very low, or rather level with them, ſo that the whole may be made valuable; for this purpoſe the purchaſer may have a part of the ſaid creek, with a fine marſh. At his chioce a ſmall crop of wheat and rye, and perhaps Negroes and Stock.

Theſe Farms may be entered upon the firſt of January next at fartheſt. The titles are indiſputable. A reaſonable proportion of the purchaſe money muſt be paid down, and the reſidue in annual payments, bearing intereſt, with unexceptionable ſecurity.

¶ 10s. tbtf MICHAEL EARLE.

Blooded mares and Colts of the ſtock of the late Mr. Anthony Waters's fine mare, well known in New-Jerſey by the name of the Dutch mare, who won the firſt 50l. purſe ſtarted for at Philadelphia, and thought ſuperior to any of her blood in America. They are got by Dove, Traveller, Bajazet, Lotty, and other capital horſes.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of SAMUEL SHAW, ſen. deceaſed, late of the borough of Cheſter, either by bond, bill, or book debt, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, and thoſe having any demands againſt ſaid eſtate, are deſired to bring them in, properly atteſted, for payment, to the ſubſcriber,

Cheſter, Oct. 15. † JOHN SHAW, Adminiſtrator.

NATHAN & DAVID SELLERS,

CONTINUE as uſual the Manufactury of WOOL and COTTON CARDS, on the North Side of Market-ſtreet, near Sixth-ſtreet, where they may be had at the loweſt Rates.

They alſo carry on the WIRE-WORK in all its Branches, ſuch as----

Rolling Screens for cleaning Flax-ſeed;
Rolling and Standing Screens for cleaning Wheat;
Sherts Cloths and Indian Meal Bolts;
Snuff Sieves and Bolts;
Fan Screens and Riddles;
Flax-ſeed and Indian Meal Sieves;
Reying Sieves and Garlick Riddles;
Bricklayers and Plaiſterers Screens and Sieves;
Paper Moulds, Waſhers and Duſters;
Spring-houſe and Cellar Windows;
Wire-Work for Safes, *&c. &c. &c.*

All which is done in the neateſt and beſt Manner, on the ſhorteſt Notice, and at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

They flatter themſeves the long Experience and great Practice they have had under their Father *(John Sellers)* will enable them to execute ſuch Orders as they may be favoured with to the utmoſt Satisfaction.

Orders by Poſt or otherwiſe are carefully attended to.

They have for Sale, a few Thouſand 12 Ounce Tacks.

To be LET or SOLD,

A CONVENIENT BREWERY, MALT-HOUSE and DWELLING HOUSE, ſituate at the corner of Fourth and Race ſtreets, in Philadelphia, now in the tenure of Francis Wade. The dwelling-houſe is three ſtoried, having two kitchens and ſufficient cellar room; which, in caſe of a partneſhip, would very well accommodate two families. The brewery is built upon the neweſt conſtruction, works two coppers, and has a ſpacious cellar for fermenting and tonning of beer, which, communicating with a ſtock vault under the whole of the malt-houſe (deſigned for keeping of liquors) renders the works throughout better adapted for carrying on of buſineſs largely, with few hands, than moſt in the place.

As the preſent tenant is to leave the premiſes by the 8th of next month, it is preſumed thoſe whom it may ſuit, will apply in time, to prevent as little loſs as may be, of the next brewing ſeaſon. For terms and further particulars enquire in Market-ſtreet, between Fifth and Sixth-ſtreets, of

July 26, 1783. ¶ 3 m. THOMAS MOORE.

Juſt imported from Europe, and to be SOLD by

PETER WIKOFF,

In Front-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, oppoſite to Elfrey's Alley.---A great Variety of the beſt and neateſt

DRAWN IRON WIRE,

Suitable for all Manner of Uſe. c 6 w.

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW-PRINTING-OFFICE, near the MARKET.